

Long-Term Measurements of Carbon Monoxide and Aerosols at the ZOTTO tall tower, Siberia



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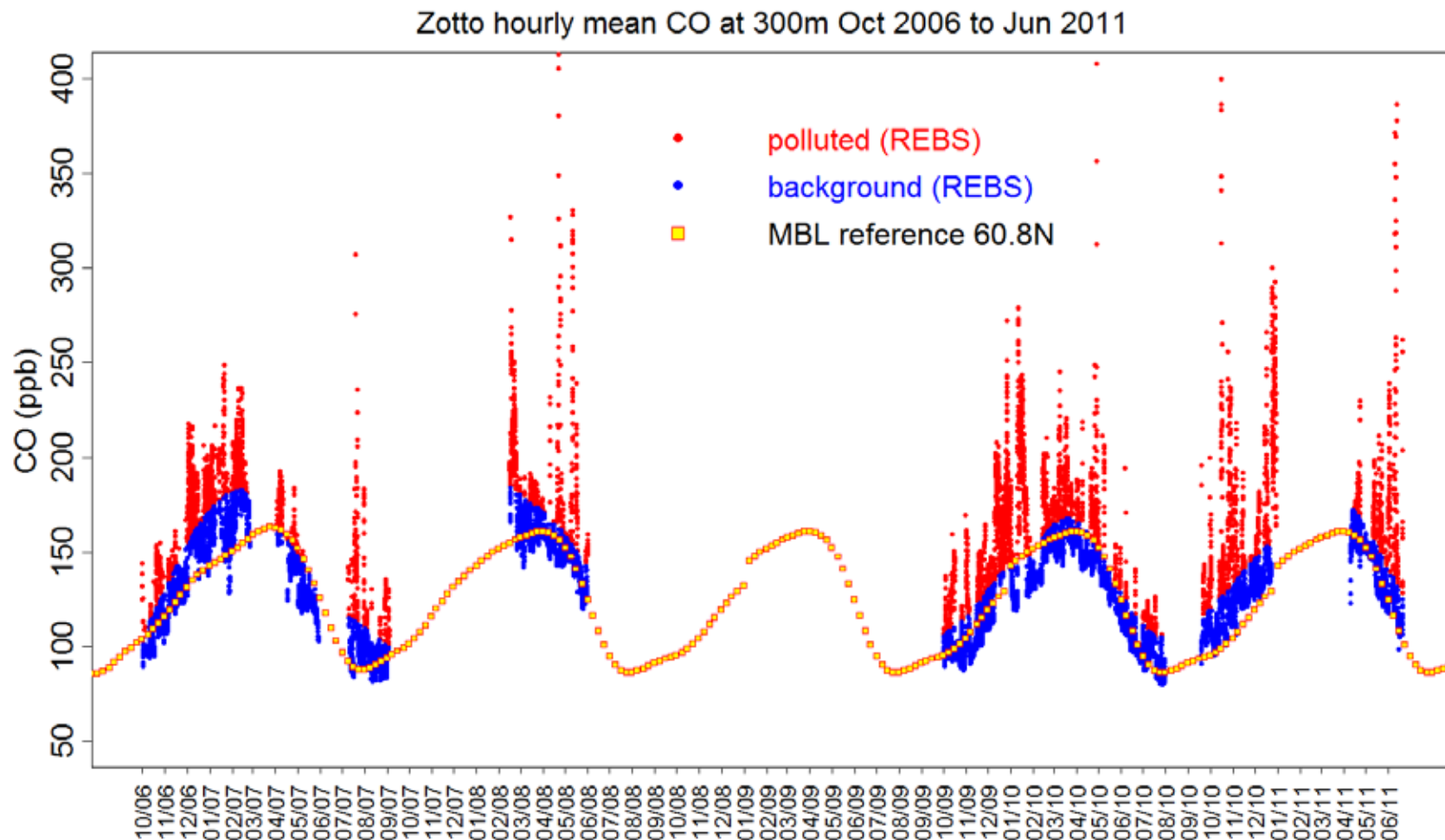
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ZOTTO – Current measurement program

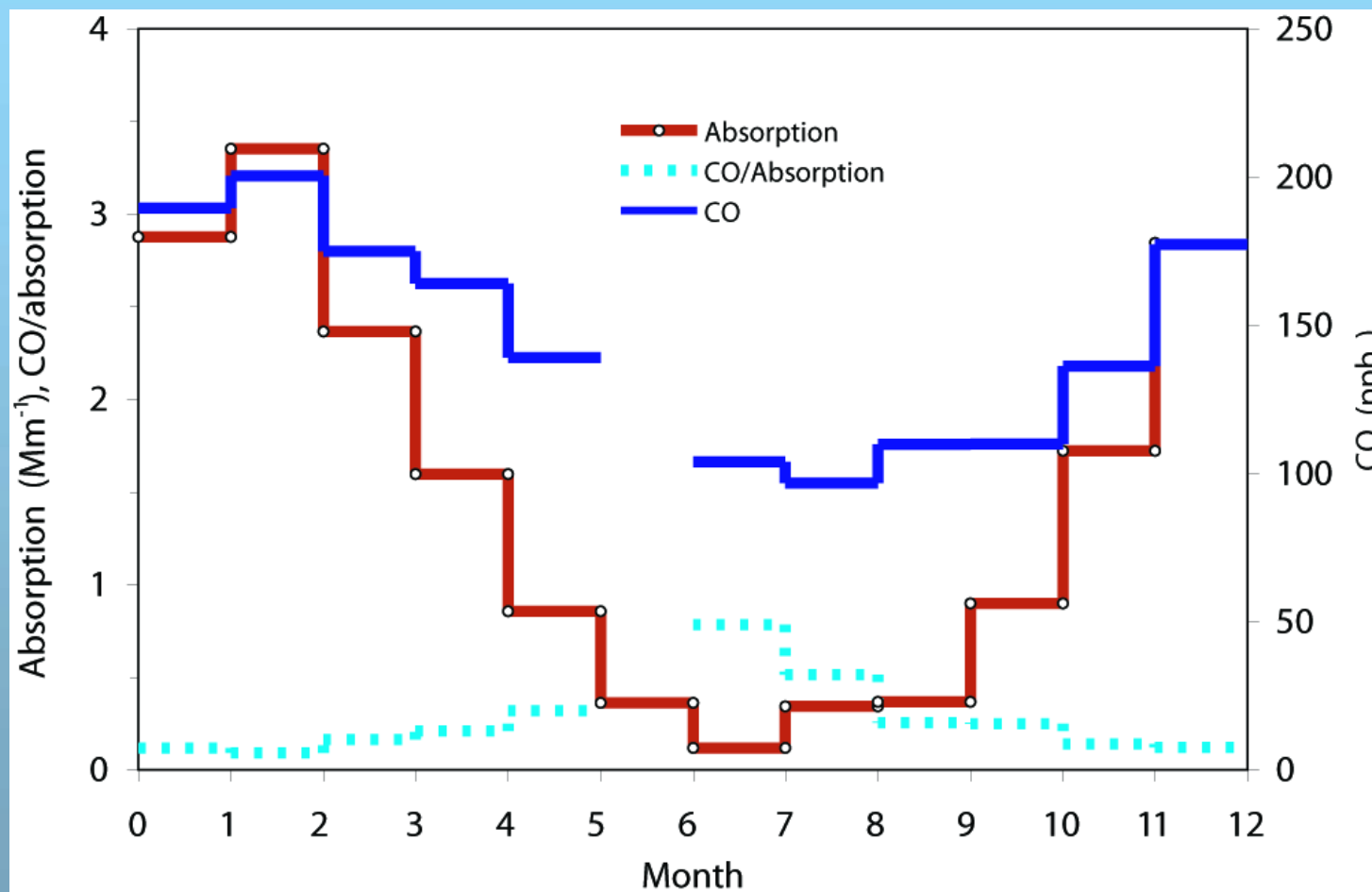
- *MPI Biogeochemistry, Jena:*
 - BGC-Gases, continuous concentrations: CO₂, CH₄ (N₂O, CO, O₂/N₂)
 - Flask analyses (isotopes)
 - Meteorology, carbon, heat and water fluxes
- *MPI Chemistry, Mainz:*
 - Continuous CO, aerosol light scattering and absorption
- *IFT, Leipzig:*
 - Aerosol size spectra
- *SIF RAS Krasnojarsk:*
 - Forest inventories, satellite remote sensing
- *IAP RAS, Moscow:*
 - O₃, NO_x, reactive gas chemistry
- *St. Petersburg State University*
 - Aerosol chemistry



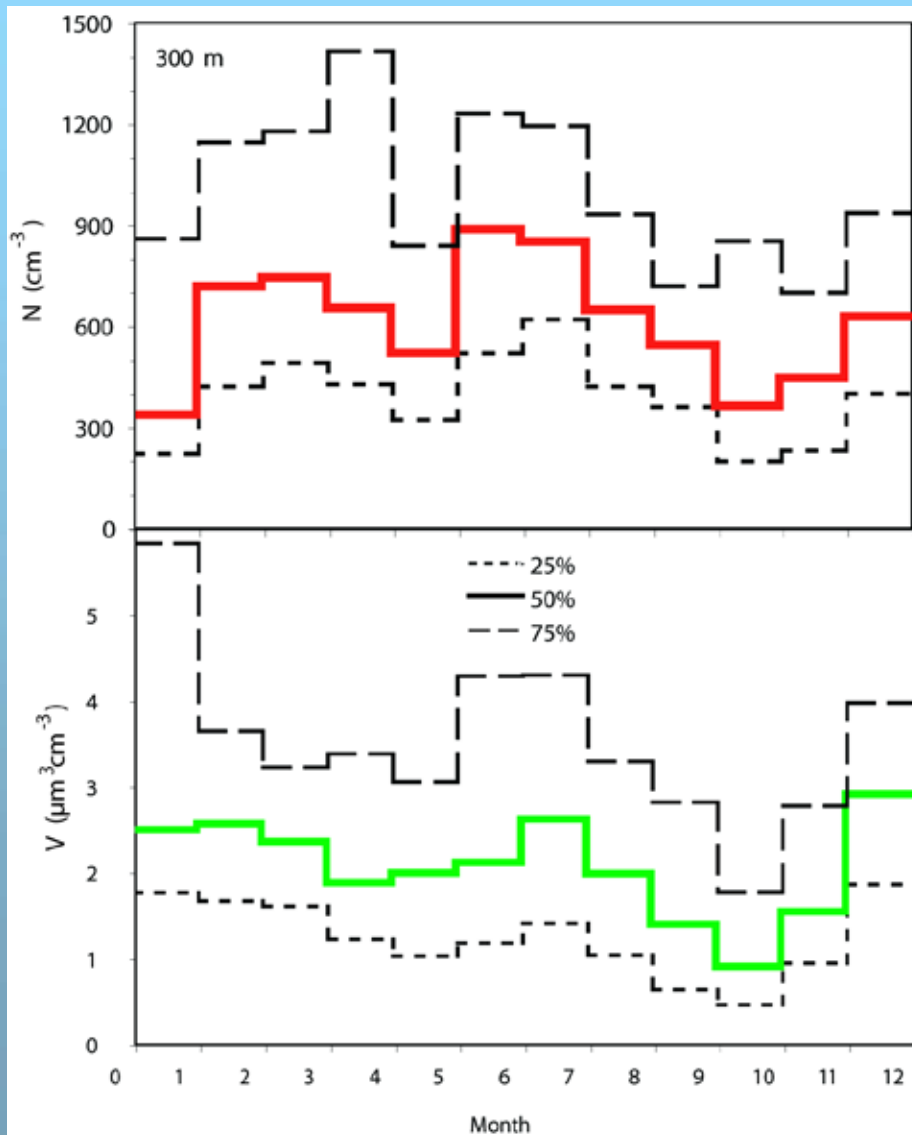
CO Time Series 2006 - 2011



Seasonal Cycles: Combustion Tracers



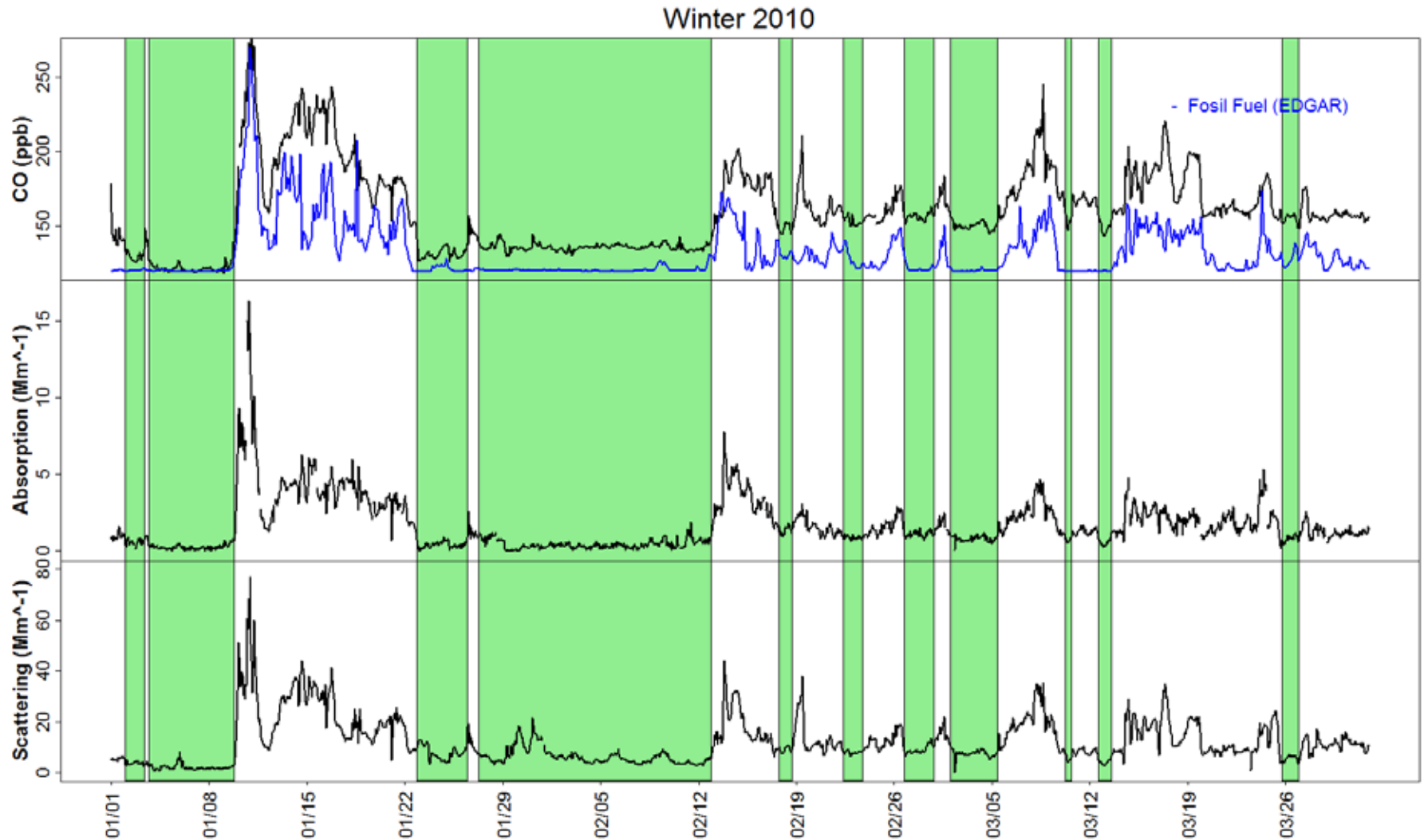
Seasonal Cycles: Total Aerosol



While the combustion tracers show a strong seasonal cycle, measures of total aerosol has relatively indistinct seasonality:

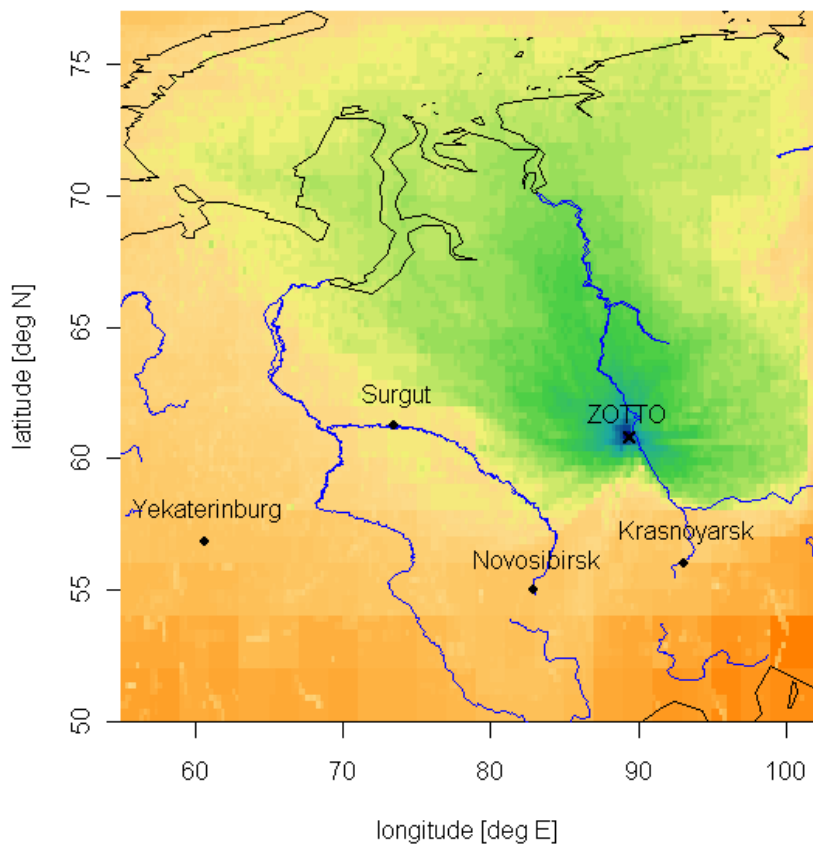
- Pollution aerosols in winter
- Biogenic aerosols in summer

An Example of Clean Air Episodes

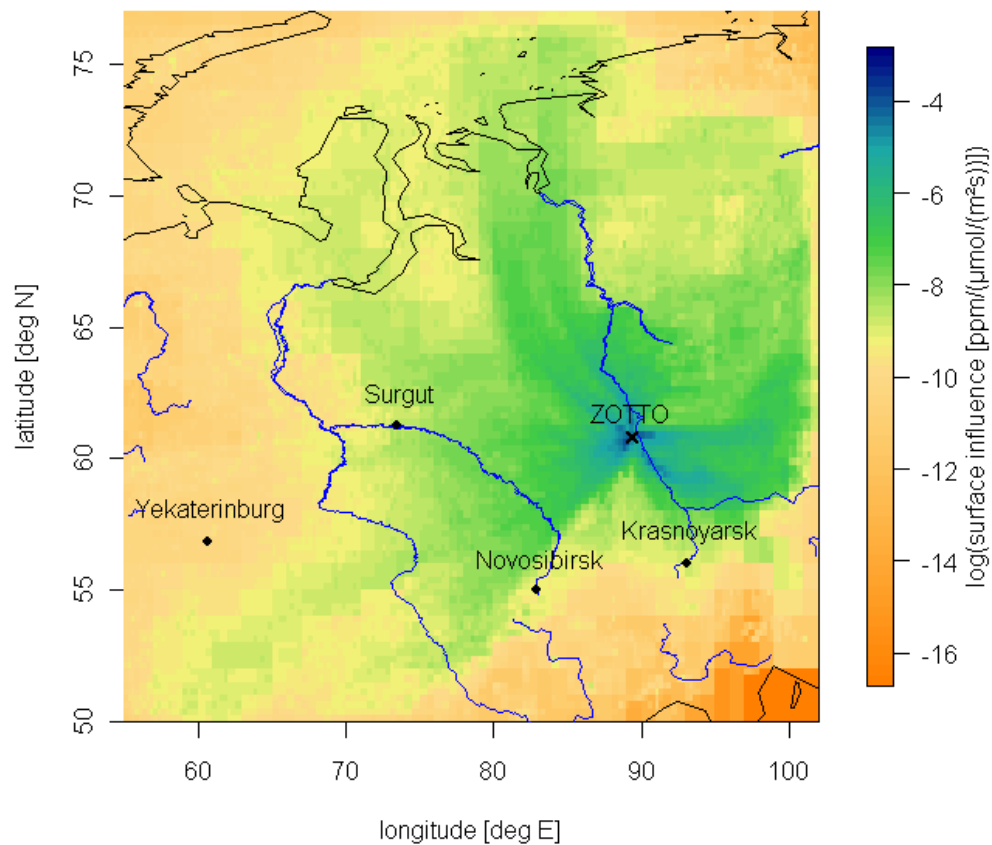


Where does clean air come from?

clean air footprint - summer



clean air footprint - winter

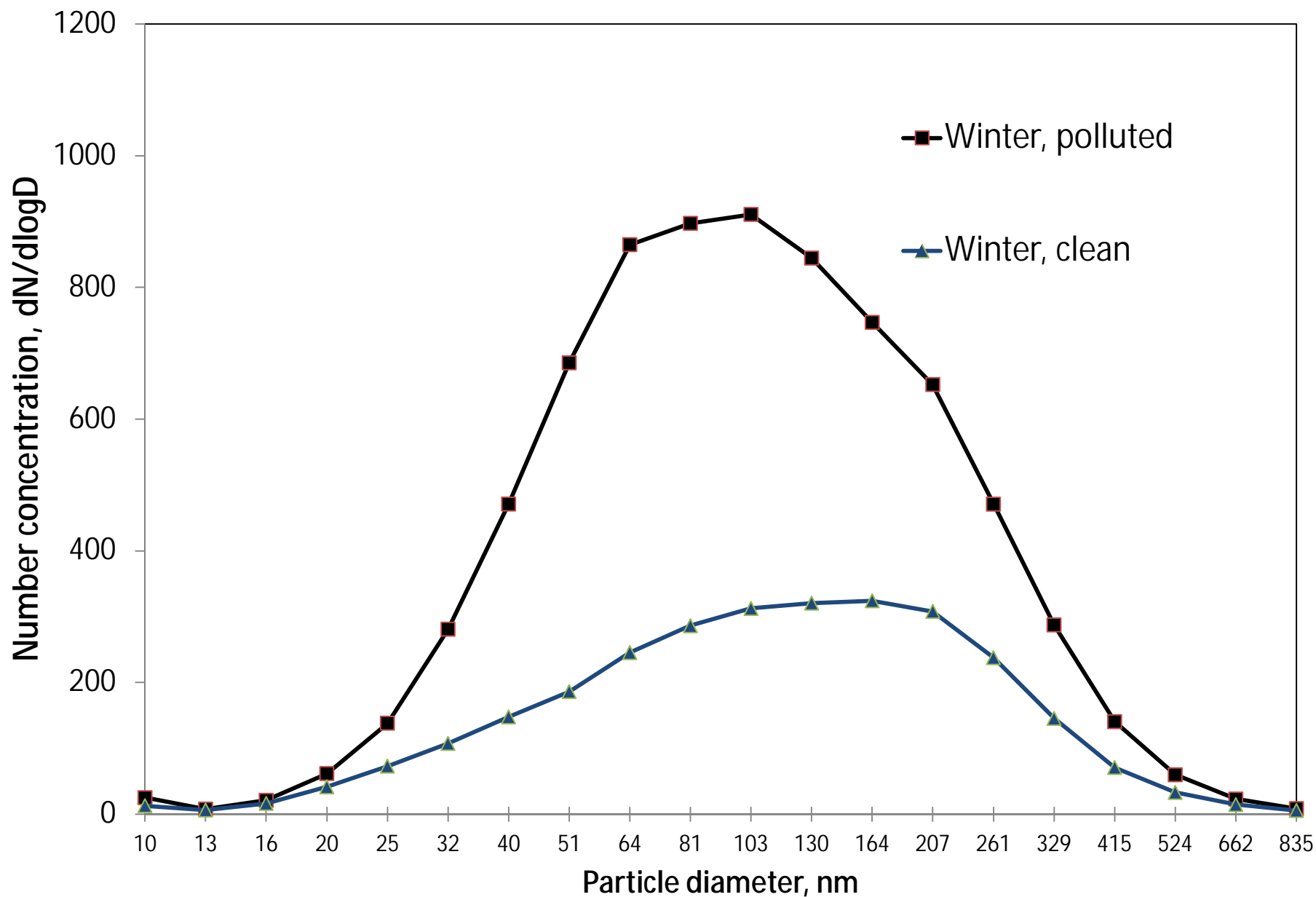


Characteristics of Clean Air at ZOTTO

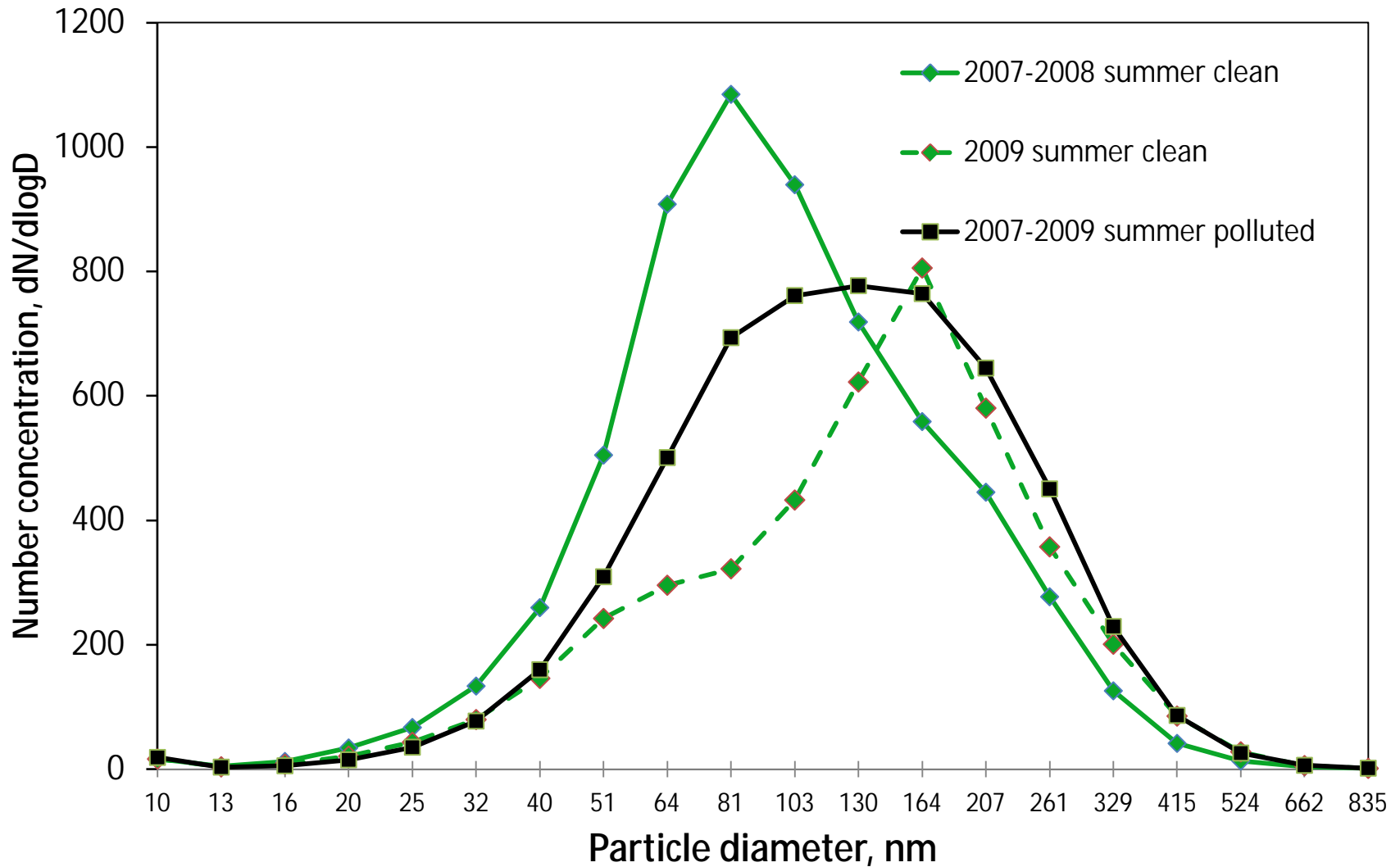
| | CO | Absorption Coefficient | Scattering Coefficient | N total | N >80 nm "CCN" | Aerosol Volume | NO _x | O ₃ |
|---------------|-------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | ppb | Mm ⁻¹ | Mm ⁻¹ | cm ⁻³ | cm ⁻³ | mm ³ m ⁻³ | ppb | ppb |
| Winter | | | | | | | | |
| clean | 138 | 0.74 | 7.2 | 340 | 193 | 1.45 | 0.78 | 25 |
| polluted | 171 | 2.70 | 14.5 | 930 | 475 | 2.90 | 0.96 | 23 |
| Background | 154±5 | | | | | | | |
| Summer | | | | | | | | |
| clean | 87 | 0.09 | 6.2 | 701 | 393 | 1.85 | 0.49 | 21 |
| polluted | 97 | 0.32 | 13.1 | 691 | 447 | 2.25 | 0.41 | 21 |
| Background | 92±5 | | | | | | | |

- Pollution burdens, when present, are modest
- In summer, NCN and NCCN show no difference between "polluted" and clean
- Aerosol volume (mass) elevated during "pollution" periods

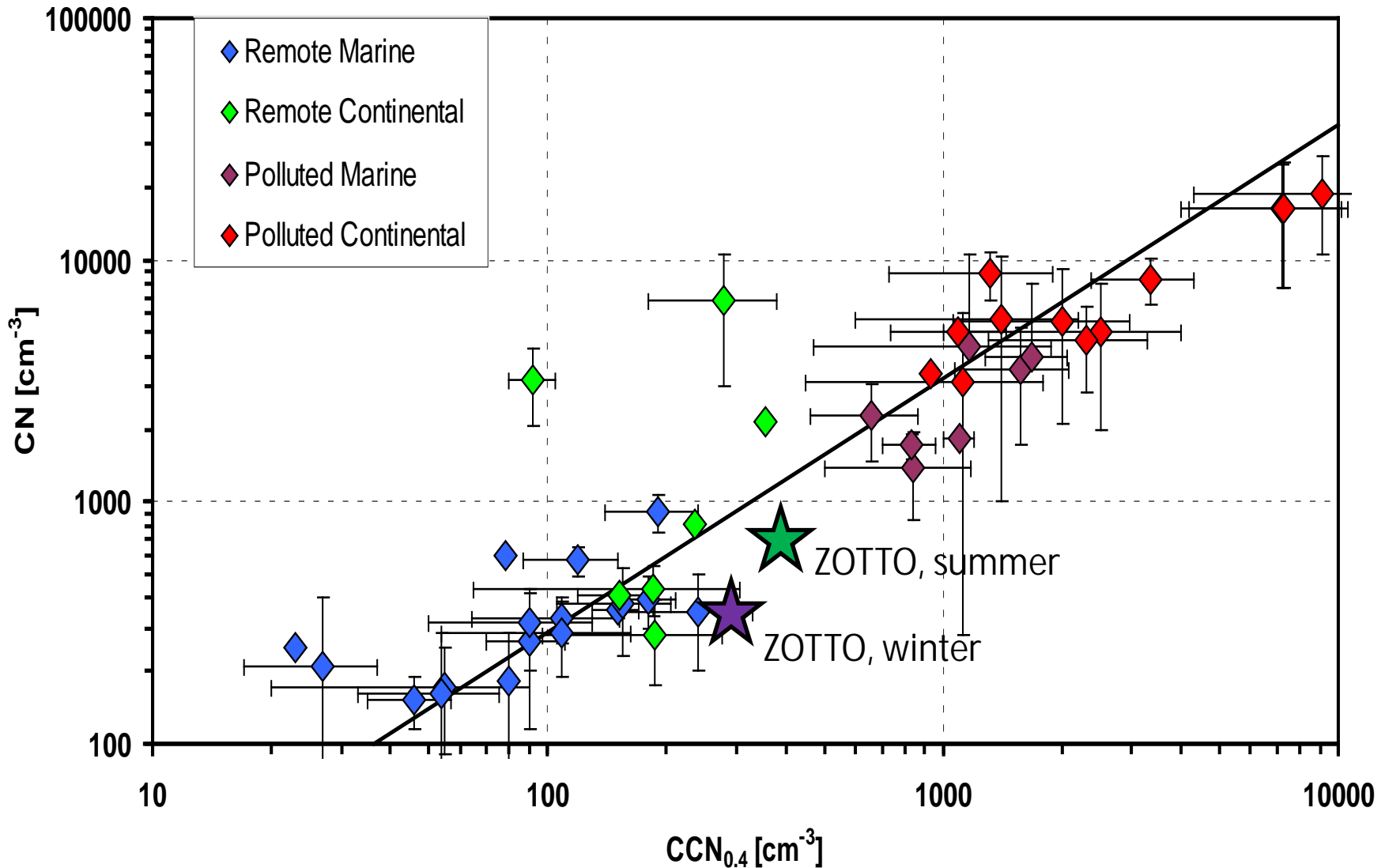
Aerosol size distributions, Winter



Aerosol Size Distributions, Summer



ZOTTO in Global Aerosol Context



Conclusions

- ZOTTO receives episodically polluted and very clean airmasses
- In winter, pollution aerosols are dominant, while in summer natural aerosols provide comparable CN and CCN numbers
- Both, pollution and biogenic particles are large, and therefore good CCN
- During summer clean periods, the presence of a mode ~60 nm suggests new particle formation
- Short observation period does not yet allow detection of trends





Thank you!